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## (57) Abstract :

This research examines the durability of geopolymer concrete (GPC) and ordinary Portland cement (OPC) concrete when exposed to sulphuric acid and sulphate attacks for 180 days. Samples of both GPC and OPC were immersed in solutions containing 3% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, 5% MgSO<sub>4</sub>, and 5% Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The changes in compressive strength and weight were recorded at 28, 56, 90, and 180-day intervals. The findings indicated that GPC displayed greater resistance to acid attack, with compressive strength reductions of 10%, 21%, 26%, and 45% at the respective time points, in contrast to 18%, 36%, 55%, and 73% for OPC. Additionally, GPC showed enhanced resistance to sulphate attack, exhibiting less significant decreases in compressive strength and weight compared to OPC. This difference was particularly evident in the MgSO<sub>4</sub> solution, where OPC underwent substantial degradation. These results highlight the potential of GPC as a more resilient alternative to OPC in harsh environmental conditions.

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